Hormone, Elektrosmog und die Matrix

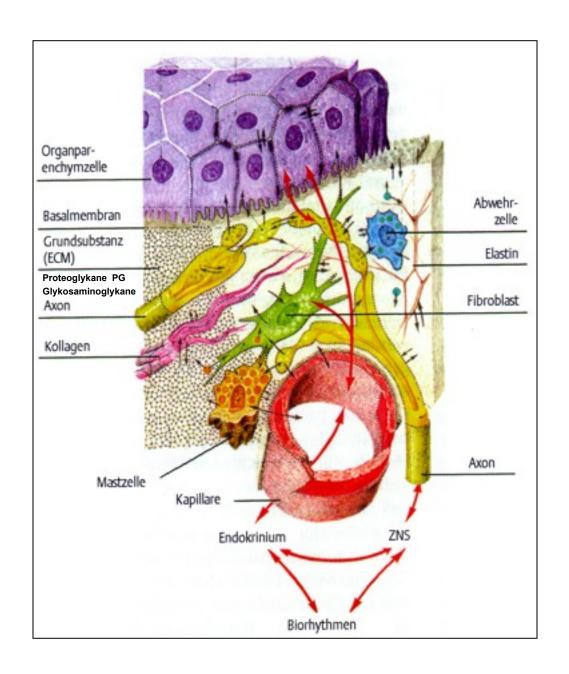
Dietrich Klinghardt MD, PhD

www.Klinghardt.org

Institut fuer Neurobiologie, Stuttgart

Hormone und Matrix

- Die zentrale Institution der extrazellulaeren Matrix ist der Fibroblast. Er "erzeut" die Matrix Grundsubstanz: GAGs, Heparin, Hyaluronsaeure, Kollagen, usw.
- Fibroblasten haben Hormon Rezeptoren, fuer alle Hormone, insbesondere hGH, Testosteron, Oestrogen (aber auch Rezeptoren fuer Neuropeptide)
- Hormone stimulieren entweder ueber Mechanismen an der Zellwand oder direkte Aufnahme in den Zellkern (T3) die Transskription von Genen



Wachstumshormon

Human Growth Hormone (HGH):

HGH is the "master hormone" in the body. HGH is a peptide hormone secreted by the pituitary gland that influences the growth and development of almost all tissues and organs in the body. Most of the HGH in the body is secreted at night during deep sleep. HGH improves the action of the immune system and it also promotes healing.

Testosteron

• <u>Testosterone:</u>

 Testosterone is the major male sex hormone and is primarily secreted by the testes in males. Small amounts of testosterone are found in females and are produced in the ovaries. Testosterone enhances a woman's libido and nipple and clitoral sensitivity. Testosterone is responsible for male sexual development, erectile function, libido, energy levels, muscle mass, body fat and mood. In males, testosterone assists in keeping the heart healthy and it improves brain function

EMF exposure in rats leads to decreased testosterone production

Saudi Med J. 2005 Mar; 26(3): 405-10

- Biological and morphological effects on the reproductive organ of rats after exposure to electromagnetic field.
 - Ozguner M,
 - Kovu A.
 - · Cesur G.
 - Ural M.
 - Ozguner F,
 - Gokcimen A,
 - Delibas N.
- Department of Histology and Embryology, Faculty of Medicine, Suleyman Demirel University, Isparta, Turkey. mozguner@hotmail.com
- OBJECTIVE: The biological effect of electromagnetic field (EMF) emitted from mobile phones is a current debate and still a controversial issue. Therefore, little is known on the possible adverse effects on reproduction as mobile phone bio-effects are only a very recent concern. The aim of this experimental study was to determine the biological and morphological effects of 900 MHz radiofrequency (RF) EMF on rat testes. METHODS: The study was performed in the Physiology and Histology Research Laboratories of Suleyman Demirel University, Faculty of Medicine, Isparta, Turkey in May 2004. Twenty adult male Sprague-Dawley rats weighing 270-320 gm were randomized into 2 groups of 10 animals: Group 1 (control group) was not exposed to EMF and Group II (EMF group) was exposed to 30 minutes per day, 5 days a week for 4 weeks to 900 MHz EMF. Testes tissues were submitted for histologic and morphologic examination. Testicular biopsy score count and the percentage of interstitial tissue to the entire testicular tissue were registered. Serum testosterone, plasma luteinizing hormone (LH) and follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) levels were assayed biochemically. RESULTS: The weight of testes, testicular biopsy score count and the percentage of interstitial tissue to the entire testicular tissue were not significantly different in EMF group compared to the control group.
- However, the diameter of the seminiferous tubules and the mean height of the germinal epithelium were significantly decreased in EMF group (p<0.05). There was a significant decrease in serum total testosterone level in EMF group (p<0.05).
- Therefore, there was an insignificant decrease in plasma LH and FSH levels in EMF group compared to the control group (p>0.05). CONCLUSION: The biological and morphological effects resulting from 900 MHz RF EMF exposure lends no support to suggestions of adverse effect on spermatogenesis, and on germinal epithelium. Therefore, testicular morphologic alterations may possibly be due to hormonal changes.

Oestrogene

- Estrogens:
- Predominately a female sex hormone but small amounts are found in males. The three estrogens in the body are estrone, estradiol, and estriol. The "estrogens" are primarily produced in the ovaries in females. In females, estrogen plays a major role in sexual development and the female ovulation cycle. In women, estrogen decreases the risk of osteoporosis, heart disease and affects neurotransmitters in the brain. Too much estrogen in men, which is caused by low testosterone levels, is not healthy.

Residential magnetic field exposure greatly increases risk of **breast cancer** in women under the age of 50 who have receptors sensitive to estrogen

Epidemiology. 1998 Jul;9(4):392-7

- Magnetic fields and breast cancer in Swedish adults residing near high-voltage power lines
 - Feychting M,
 - Forssen U,
 - Rutqvist LE,
 - Ahlbom A.
 - Institute of Environmental Medicine, Karolinska Institutet, stockholm, Sweden.
 - We conducted a case-control study to test the hypothesis that residential magnetic field exposures increase the incidence of breast cancer. The study was based on people who had lived within 300 m of 220- or 400-kV power lines in Sweden at any time between 1960 and 1985. We identified 699 cases of breast cancer in women and 9 cases in men. One matched control per female case and eight per male case were selected at random. Estrogen receptor information was available for a subset of female cases. We assessed magnetic field exposure through calculations of the magnetic fields generated by the power lines before diagnosis. For calculated magnetic field levels > or = 0.2 microtesla (microT) closest in times before diagnosis, we estimated the relative risk to be 1.0 [95% confidence interval (CI) = 0.7-1.5] for women and 2.1 (95% CI = 0.3-14.1) for men. Women younger than 50 years of age at diagnosis had a relative risk of 1.8 (95% CI = 0.7-4.3). For women with estrogen receptor-positive breast cancer, the relative risk was estimated at 1.6 (95% CI = 0.6-4.1), using the exposure cutoff point > or = 0.1 microT.

Among estrogen receptor-positive women younger than 50 years at diagnosis, the relative risk increased to 7.4 (95% CI = 1.0-178.1).

Progesteron

Progesterone:

 Progesterone is primarily a female hormone but small amounts are found in males. Progesterone is produced in the corpus luteum, adrenal glands and placenta (during pregnancy). Progesterone assists in regulating the female menstrual cycle. Progesterone affects mood. assists the thyroid gland, builds bones, enhances sexual drive and helps in the utilization of fat for energy.

Schilddruesenhormone

Thyroid Hormones:

 The thyroid hormones (T2, T3, T4) provide energy and fuel to the body and also regulate the body's temperature by controlling the body's metabolism. The thyroid hormones affect brain function, heart health, and they improve the function of the immune system

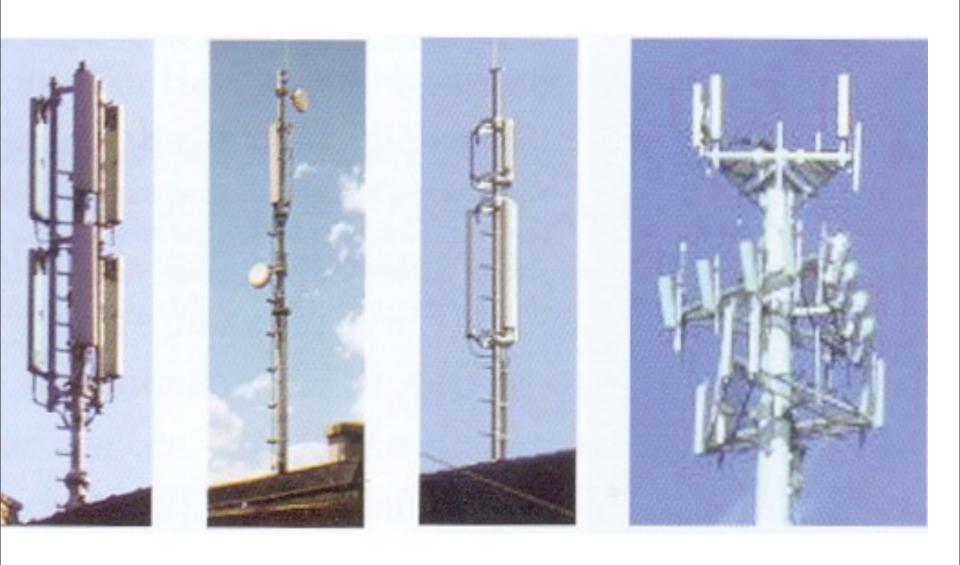
Mobile phone radiation decreases **TSH**, **T3**, **T4** in rats

Toxicol Lett. 2005 Jul 4;157(3):257-62. Epub 2005 Apr 11

Effects of 900 MHz electromagnetic field on TSH and thyroid hormones in rats

- Koyu A,
- Cesur G.
- Ozguner F.
- Akdogan M,
- Mollaoglu H,
- Ozen S.
- Department of Physiology, Suleyman Demirel University, School of Medicine, 32260 Isparta, Turkey. ahmetkoyu@tnn.net
- In this study, the effects of exposure to a 900 megahertz (MHz) electromagnetic field (EMF) on serum thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) and triiodothronine-thyroxin (T3-T4) hormones levels of adult male Sprague-Dawley rats were studied. Thirty rats were used in three independent groups, 10 of which were control (without stress and EMF), 10 of which were exposed to 900 MHz EMF and 10 of which were sham-exposed. The exposures were performed 30 min/day, for 5 days/week for 4 weeks to 900 MHz EMF. Sham-exposed animals were kept under the same environmental conditions as the study groups except with no EMF exposure. The concentration of TSH and T3-T4 hormones in the rat serum was measured by using an immunoradiometric assay (IRMA) method for TSH and a radio-immunoassay (RIA) method for T3 and T4 hormones. TSH values and T3-T4 at the 900 MHz EMF group were significantly lower than the sham-exposed group (p<0.01). There were no statistically significant differences in serum TSH values and T3-T4 hormone concentrations between the control and the sham-exposed group (p>0.05).
- These results indicate that 900 MHz EMF emitted by cellular telephones decrease serum TSH and T3-T4 levels.

Electrosmog



Pregnenolon

- Pregnenolone:
- Pregnenolone is known as the "grandmother" hormone of the body because it is a precursor to DHEA. Pregnenolone is derived from cholesterol, as are all of the steroidal hormones. Pregnenolone enhances all of our mental functions and it has been used to treat the pain of arthritis.

DHEA

• DHEA:

 Referred to as the "mother" hormone of the body, DHEA is produced in the brain and the adrenal glands. DHEA, a steroidal hormone, is the major precursor to the sex hormones. DHEA assists in increasing testosterone, progesterone and estrogen levels. DHEA is important in weight control, muscle gain, optimal brain functioning, heart health and immune system enhancement.

Melatonin

Melatonin:

 Melatonin is an amino acid hormone synthesized by the pineal gland in the brain. Melatonin controls the sleep-wake cycle of the body. Melatonin also controls the "Aging Clock" in our bodies. Melatonin increases sexual drive and energy, promotes heart health, improves immune system functioning and is a very powerful antioxidant.

Electro smog reduces melatonin production in the pineal gland. Why is this bad?

- 1.Melatonin induces sleep. We only heal and detoxify in deep non-rem sleep. Without melatonin no regeneration and no detoxification
- 2. Melatonin is the most effective and potent neuroprotective chemical in the CNS and prevents damage from mercury, lead, aluminum, chemicals, mycotoxins, viruses, cigarette smoke, bacterial and parasitic endo-and exotoxins (Lyme, clostridia, ascaris) outgasing of carpets and new car plastics, etc.

Sener, G.et al: "Melatonin protects against mercury induced oxidative tissue damage". Basic and Clinical Pharmacology&Toxicology Vol 93, Dec 2003, pp 290-296

Cell phone use greater than 25 minutes per day for 13 days lead to decreased melatonin production

Int J Radiat Biol. 2002 Nov;78(11):1029-36

Melatonin metabolite excretion among cellular telephone users

- Burch JB, Reif JS, Noonan CW, Ichinose T, Bachand AM, Koleber TL, Yost MG.
- Department of Environmental and Radiological Health Sciences, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO 80523, USA. james.burch@colostate.edu
- PURPOSE: The relationship between cellular telephone use and excretion of the melatonin metabolite 6-hydroxymelatonin sulfate (6-OHMS) was evaluated in two populations of male electric utility workers (Study 1, n=149; Study 2, n=77). MATERIALS AND METHODS: Participants collected urine samples and recorded cellular telephone use over 3 consecutive workdays. Personal 60-Hz magnetic field (MF) and ambient light exposures were characterized on the same days using EMDEX II meters. A repeated measures analysis was used to assess the effects of cellular telephone use, alone and combined with MF exposures, after adjustment for age, participation month and light exposure. RESULTS: No change in 6-OHMS excretion was observed among those with daily cellular telephone use >25 min in Study 1 (5 worker-days). Study 2 workers with >25 min cellular telephone use per day (13 worker-days) had lower creatinine-adjusted mean nocturnal 6-OHMS concentrations (p=0.05) and overnight 6-OHMS excretion (p=0.03) compared with those without cellular telephone use. There was also a linear trend of decreasing mean nocturnal 6-OHMS/ creatinine concentrations (p=0.02) and overnight 6-OHMS excretion (p=0.08) across categories of increasing cellular telephone use. A combined effect of cellular telephone use and occupational 60-Hz MF exposure in reducing 6-OHMS excretion was also observed in Study 2.
- CONCLUSIONS: Exposure-related reductions in 6-OHMS excretion were observed in Study 2, where daily cellular telephone use of >25 min was more prevalent. Prolonged use of cellular telephones may lead to reduced melatonin production, and elevated 60-Hz MF exposures may potentiate the effect.

Melatonin and caffeic acid phenethyl ester exert protective effects on mobile phone induced renal impairment in rats

• 1: Mol Cell Biochem. 2005 Aug;276(1-2):31-7._

Comparative analysis of the protective effects of melatonin and caffeic acid phenethyl ester (CAPE) on mobile phone-induced renal impairment in rat.

- Ozguner F, Oktem F, Armagan A, Yilmaz R, Koyu A, Demirel R, Vural H, Uz E.
- Department of Physiology, School of Medicine, Suleyman Demirel University, P. K. 13 32100 Isparta, Turkey. drmfehmi@yahoo.com
- Melatonin and caffeic acid phenethyl ester (CAPE), a component of honeybee propolis, were recently found to be potent free radical scavengers and antioxidants. There are a number of reports on the effects induced by electromagnetic radiation (EMR) in various cellular systems. Mechanisms of adverse effects of EMR indicate that reactive oxygen species may play a role in the biological effects of this radiation. The present study was carried out to compare the protective effects of melatonin and CAPE against 900 MHz EMR emitted mobile phone-induced renal tubular injury. Melatonin was administered whereas CAPE was given for 10 days before the exposure. Urinary N-acetyl-beta-D-glucosaminidase (NAG, a marker of renal tubular injury) and malondialdehyde (MDA, an index of lipid peroxidation), were used as markers of oxidative stress-induced renal impairment in rats exposed to EMR. Superoxide dismutase (SOD), catalase (CAT), and glutathione peroxidase (GSH-Px) activities were studied to evaluate the changes of antioxidant status in renal tissue. Urinary NAG and renal MDA were increased in EMR exposed rats while both melatonin and CAPE caused a significant reduction in the levels of these parameters. Likewise, renal SOD and GSH-Px activities were decreased in EMR exposed animals while melatonin caused a significant increase in the activities of these antioxidant enzymes but CAPE did not. Melatonin caused a significant decrease in urinary NAG activity and MDA levels which were increased because of EMR exposure. CAPE also reduced elévated MDA lévels in EMR exposed renal tissue, but the effect of melatonin was more potent than that of CAPE. Furthermore, treatment of EMR exposed rats with melatonin increased activities of SOD and GSH-Px to higher levels than those of control rats. In conclusion, melatonin and CAPE prevent renal tubular injury by reducing oxidative stress and protect the kidney from oxidative damage induced by 900 MHz mobile phone.
- Nevertheless, melatonin seems to be a more potent antioxidant compared with CAPE in kidney. (Mol Cell Biochem 276: 31-37, 2005).

Melatonin and caffeic acid phenyl ester reduce retinal oxidative stress after long-term expsure to 900 MHZ emitting cell phone

Mol Cell Biochem. 2006 Jan;282(1-2):83-8

Protective effects of melatonin and caffeic acid phenethyl ester against retinal oxidative stress in long-term use of mobile phone: a comparative study.

- Ozguner F, Bardak Y, Comlekci S.
- Department of Physiology, School of Medicine, Suleyman Demirel University, P. K. 13, 32100 Isparta, Turkey. drmfehmi@yahoo.com
- There are numerous reports on the effects of electromagnetic radiation (EMR) in various cellular systems. Melatonin and caffeic acid phenethyl ester (CAPE), a component of honeybee propolis, were recently found to be potent free radical scavengers and antioxidants. Mechanisms of adverse effects of EMR indicate that reactive oxygen species may play a role in the biological effects of this radiation. The present study was carried out to compare the efficacy of the protective effects of melatonin and CAPE against retinal oxidative stress due to long-term exposure to 900 MHz EMR emitting mobile phones. Melatonin and CAPE were administered daily for 60 days to the rats prior to their EMR exposure during our study. Nitric oxide (NO, an oxidant product) levels and malondialdehyde (MDA, an index of lipid peroxidation), were used as markers of retinal oxidative stress in rats following to use of EMR. Superoxide dismutase (SOD), catalase (CAT), and glutathione peroxidase (GSH-Px) activities were studied to evaluate the changes of antioxidant status in retinal tissue. Retinal levels of NO and MDA increased in EMR exposed rats while both melatonin and CAPE caused a significant reduction in the levels of NO and MDA. Likewise, retinal SOD, GSH-Px and CAT activities decreased in EMR exposed animals while melatonin and CAPE caused a significant increase in the activities of these antioxidant enzymes. Treatment of EMR exposed rats with melatonin or CAPE increased the activities of SOD, GSH-Px and CAT to higher levels than those of control rats. In conclusion, melatonin and CAPE reduce retinal oxidative stress after long-term exposure to 900 MHz emitting mobile phone. Nevertheless, there was no statistically significant difference between the efficacies of these two antioxidants against to EMR induced oxidative stress in rat retina. The difference was in only GSH-Px activity in rat retina. Melatonin stimulated the retinal GSH-Px activity more efficiently than CAPE did.

Mobile phone radiation decreases pre-bedtime melatonin level

- 1: Int J Radiat Biol. 2006 Feb;82(2):69-76
 - Does evening exposure to mobile phone radiation affect subsequent melatonin production?
 - Wood AW.
 - Loughran SP.
 - Stough C
 - Brain Sciences Institute, Swinburne University of Technology, Hawthorn, Victoria, Australia. awood@swin.edu.au
 - PURPOSE: To test whether exposure to the emissions from a digital mobile phone handset prior to sleep alters the secretion of melatonin. MATERIALS AND METHODS: In a double-blind cross-over design, 55 adult volunteers were both actively exposed or sham-exposed (in random order on successive Sunday nights) to mobile phone emissions for 30 min (0.25 W average power). Urine collection occurred immediately prior to retiring to bed and on rising the next morning. Melatonin output was estimated from principal metabolite concentrations (6-sulphatoxymelatonin (aMT6s) via radioimmunoassay), urine volumes and creatinine concentrations. RESULTS: Total melatonin metabolite output (concentration x urine volume) was unchanged between the two exposure conditions (active 14.1+/-1.1 microg; sham 14.6+/-1.3 microg). The pre- and post-bedtime outputs considered separately were also not significantly different, although the pre-bedtime value was less for active versus sham exposure. When melatonin metabolite output was estimated from the ratio of aMT6s to creatinine concentrations, the pre-bedtime value was significantly less (p = 0.037) for active compared to sham. Examination of individual responses is suggestive of a small group of 'responders'. CONCLUSIONS: Total nighttime melatonin output is unchanged by mobile phone handset emissions, but there could be an effect on melatonin onset time.

Serum melatonin in rats decreased by electric field exposure

Bioelectromagnetics. 1994;15(5):427-37

- Electric field exposure alters serum melatonin but not pineal melatonin synthesis in male rats.
 - Grota LJ,
 - · Reiter RJ.
 - Kenq P,
 - Michaelson S
- Department of Psychiatry, University of Rochester School of Medicine and Dentistry, New York.
- Sprague-Dawley male rats, maintained in a 14:10 h light:dark cycle were exposed for 30 days (starting at 56 days of age) to a 65 kV/m, 60 Hz electric field or to a sham field for 20 h/day beginning at dark onset. Pineal N-acetyltransferase (NAT), hydroxy-indole-o-methyl transferase (HIOMT), and melatonin as well as serum melatonin were assayed. Preliminary data on unexposed animals indicated that samples obtained 4 h into the dark period would reveal either a phase delay or depression in circadian melatonin synthesis and secretion. Exposure to electric fields for 30 days did not alter the expected nighttime increase in pineal NAT, HIOMT, or melatonin. Serum melatonin levels were also increased at night, but the electric field-exposed animals had lower levels than the sham-exposed animals. Concurrent exposure to red light and the electric field or exposure to the electric field at a different time of the day-night period did not reduce melatonin synthesis. These data do not support the hypothesis that chronic electric field exposure reduces pineal melatonin synthesis in young adult male rats.
- However, serum melatonin levels were reduced by electric field exposure, suggesting the possibility that degradation or tissue uptake of melatonin is stimulated by exposure to electric fields.

Increased geomagnetic activity in combination with 60Hz magnetic fields led to decreased melatonin production

Neurosci Lett. 1999 May 14;266(3):209-12

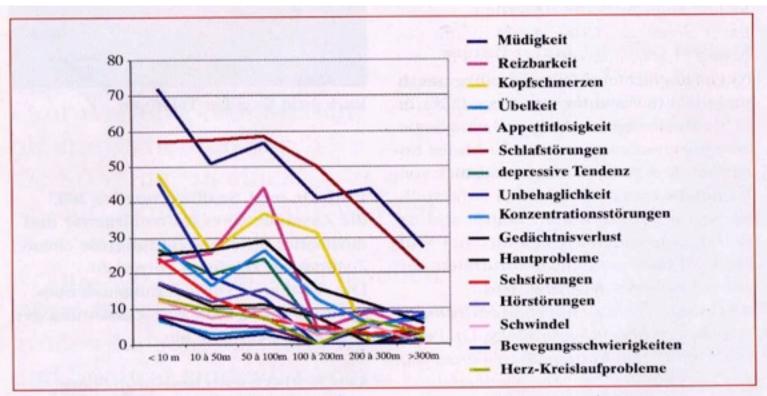
- Geomagnetic disturbances are associated with reduced nocturnal excretion of a melatonin metabolite in humans.
 - · Burch JB.
 - Reif JS.
 - Yost MG.
- Department of Environmental Health, Colorado State University, Fort Collins 80523, USA.
- The effects of geomagnetic disturbances on urinary excretion of the melatonin metabolite, 6-hydroxymelatonin sulfate (6-OHMS), were studied in conjunction with 60 Hz magnetic field (MF) and ambient light exposure in 132 electric utility workers. Geomagnetic activity was assessed using a local (equivalent amplitude or A(K), Boulder, CO) and global (average antipodal or aa) index. Personal exposures to 60 Hz MFs and light were obtained using data-logging meters. The relationship between geomagnetic activity and 6-OHMS was assessed with adjustment for age, light exposure, and month of participation. Mean overnight 6-OHMS excretion was lower on days when the 36-h A(K) or aa values exceeded 30 nT. A greater reduction in 6-OHMS excretion was observed when increased geomagnetic activity was combined with elevated 60 Hz MF or reduced ambient light exposures.

Thymus Peptide

Thymic Hormones:

 The thymus gland produces the thymic hormones. The thymic hormones are known as the "T-killer cells" in the body, which help fight disease. As we age, the thymus gland shrinks significantly, thereby producing less "T-killer cells". The thymic hormones improve the functioning of the endocrine, central nervous, and cardiovascular systems.

Electrosmog



Dr. R. Santini untersuchte 1999 den Zusammenhang zwischen dem Auftreten bestimmter Krankheiten und der Nähe zu Mobilfunk-Basisstationen in Frankreich. Anhand einer Befragung von 530 Personen kam er zu dem Ergebnis, dass sich innerhalb einer 300 m Zone folgende Symptome häufen: Müdigkeit, Schlafstörungen, Reizbarkeit, Kopfschmerzen, Gedächtnisverlust, Konzentrationschwierigkeiten etc. www.funkenflug.de

Sleep Sanctuary



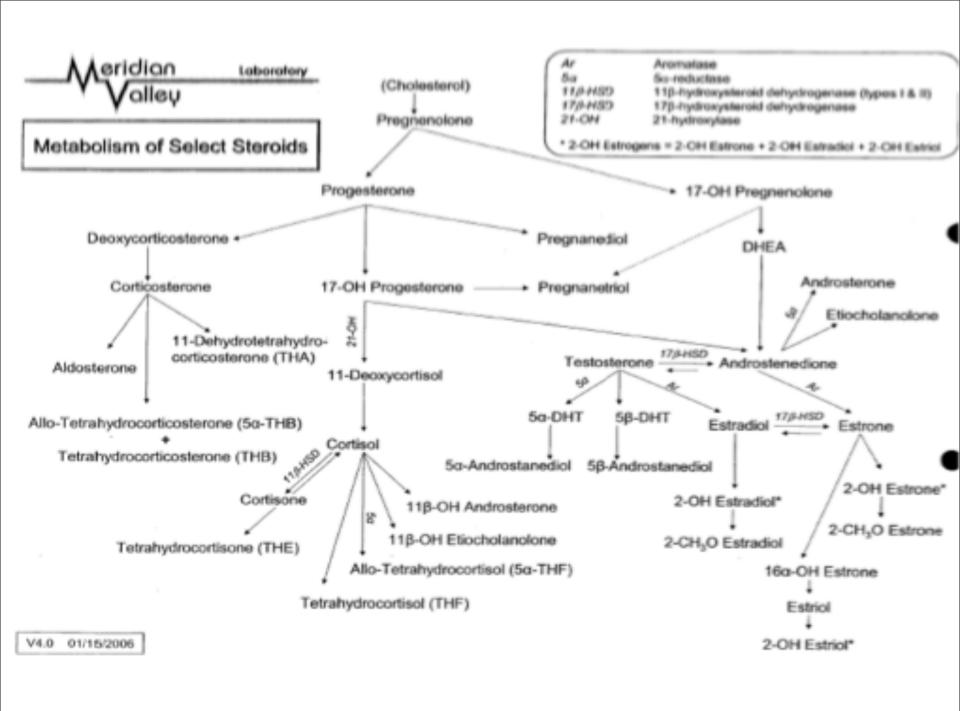
High frequency device to measure incoming cell phone



The 2-step EMF Solution for the autistic child

- Switch off all fuses at bedtime.
 (buy some flashlights or find electrician who can install a "demand switch")
- Create a Faraday cage around the bed (Best: the sleep sanctuary from www.BioToolsfor Wellness.com)

Results: instant improvement of sleep and mood. Other neurological improvements and increased responses to biomedical and neurosensory treatment modalities may take a few months but are dramatic



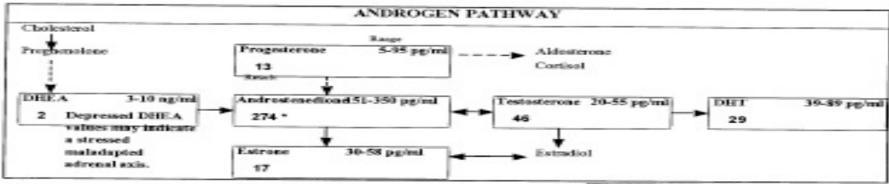
Biagnos-Techs, Inc.

Clinical & Research Laboratory PO BOX 389662, Tukwila, WA 98138-0662 Tel: (425) 251-0596 CLIA License # 50D0630141

Accession # 03-16208

| Received : 04/16/2003 | Completed: 04/17/2003 | Reported : 04/17/2003 | Repor

MHP Male Hormone Panel

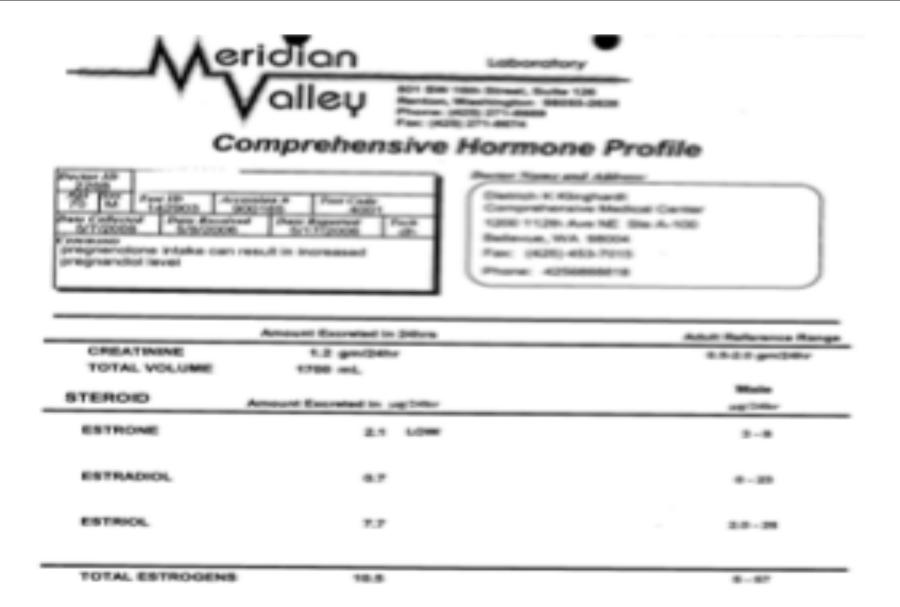


* Beginning May 26th 2001, Andrestenedione results were reported using an updated reference range due to an improved procedure. Previous results should be interpreted with the previous reference range(s):

Mele 20 - 72 pg/ml. Female 12 - 62 pg/ml.



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Hormone	Hange	Age
Testosterone (Male)	70 - 135 60 - 110 50 - 80 40 - 70 35 - 65 20 - 58 15 - 45	< 20 yrs 20 - 30 yrs 31 - 40 yrs 41 - 50 yrs 51 - 60 yrs 61 - 70 yrs > 70 yrs
Diby-drotestoterone (Made)	52 - 72 52 - 123 51 - 107 39 - 89	30 - 39 yrs 40 - 49 yrs 50 - 59 yrs > 60 yrs
(Male > 15 years)	151 - 350	Borderline Low Normal Borderline High
(Female > 15 years)	75 - 124 125 - 274 275 - 400	Borderkne Low Normal Borderkne High
Extrone (Female)	38 - 68 26 - 64 35 - 65	40 - 49 yrs 50 - 59 yrs > 60 yrs



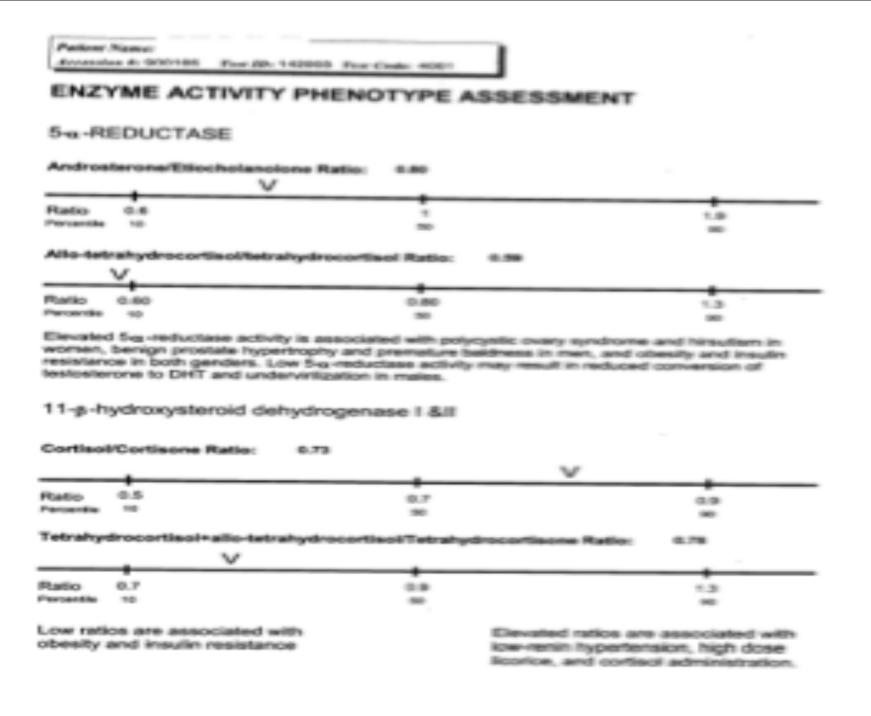
COMPREHENSIVE HORMONE PROFILE

Patient Name:

Acception 6: 900185 Test ID: 142903 Test Code: 4001

STEROID	mount Excreted in µg	/24hr	Adult Reference Range Male µg/24hr		
PREGNANEDIOL (progesterone metabolite)	735		0 - 1900		
DHEA	13	LOW	100 - 2000		
TESTOSTERONE	46.1		20.0 - 200.0		
ANDROSTERONE	431	LOW	2000 - 5000		
ETIOCHOLANOLONE	541	LOW	1400 - 5000		
PREGNANETRIOL	499		200 - 1500		
CORTISONE	104		31-209		
CORTISOL	76		30-170		
ETRAHYDROCORTISONE	1439	LOW	2100-7400		
ALLO-TETRAHYDROCORTISOL	415	LOW	700-3800		
ETRAHYDROCORTISOL	708	LOW	1200-4500		
LDOSTERONE	15		Normal Diet: 6-25 Low Salt: 17-44 High Salt: 0-6		
LLO-TETRAHYDROCORTICOSTERO	NE 107	LOW	130-600		
ETRAHYDROCORTICOSTERONE	60		30-240		

See our Interpretative Guide at: www.meridianvalleylab.com > Tests > Steroids > Steroid Hormone Profiles > 24 Hour Comprehensive Steroid Hormone Profile Interpretation



COMPREHENSIVE MEDICAL 11650 96TH AVE NE KIRKLAND, WA 98034





CLEINT SERVICES (40% BW-1460, FAX; 140% BW-200)

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PINAL REPORT DATE RECEIVED LABORATORY

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04/18/06 04/19/06

MEDICAL PRINT ADD FR BOARDAGE OF COLLECTED 04/18/06 MOT GIVEN COMMENTS NONFASTING AF III Laws Than TRAT AND P SECREM ADDOORH UNITS REFERENCE RANGE GT - Greater Tree LAMB RETRADICL 30.4 POLYME. 4/3 REPERSENCE RANGE: MEMPTRUATING FEMALES: POLATCULAR PHASE: 18.9-246.7 PG/ML MIDCYCLE: 35.5-570.8 PG/ML LUTEAL PHASE: 22.4-256.0 PG/ML POST-MESSOPAUSAL PENALES: BOT DETECTABLE - 44.5 POLES: 11.6-41.2 PO/ML TOTAL PSA 6.07 H mg/mL 0.00-3.40 16.1 0.76 PREE PLA mag, mal. 0.10 PREELTOTAL PUA BATTO Batios >20% suggest benign. Ratios between 10% and 20% show substantial overlap in benign and malignant conditions. Ratios with suggest cartinoms. The ratio is most clinically useful in the total PDA range of 4 to 10 mg/mL.

This is now an FDA approved procedure.

Por purposes of calculating the free PSA ratio, the total PDA and the free PSA were measured by the same analytical method (rate PSA) Diagnostics). This procedure will ensure the most accurate free PUA ratio. PAML's routine total PSA method is from Bayer Diagnostics and those results may show slight differences from results obtained with the Books method. The free PSA ratio is useful in differentiating between benign prostatic hypertrophy and prostatic carcinoma. Serial monitoring of patients should be done with total PSA measurements performed with the routine Bayer method. TESTOSTERONE 13.4 pg/mL 5-25 PPER **** REF LAB **** 01 FAMIL - Spokane, MA 99204 17 SHMC - Spokane, MA 99204 Overlake Mospital Medical Ctr - Bellevus, NA 98004 NT.

PK und Biologie

3 grosse biologische Systeme bestimmen unsere Gesundheit:

1. das **Genom** (unsere Gene)

Beispiel: Gen fuer den Bauplan der Glutathion S Transferase M1

2. Das **Proteom** (die Gesamtheit der Proteinbestaqndteile der metabolischen Enzyme)

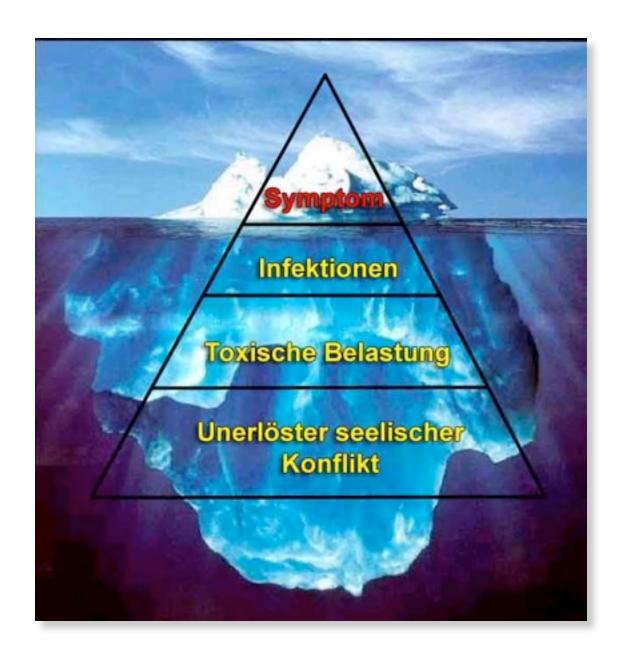
Beispiel: Glutathion S Transferase

3. Das **Metabolom** (die metabolische Leistung der Enzyme)

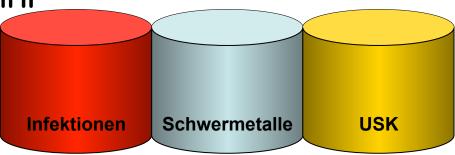
Beispiel: der extrazellulaere (=Serum Spiegel) und intrazellulaere Gehalt von reduziertem Glutathion, der die Entgiftungsleistung der Zelle bestimmt

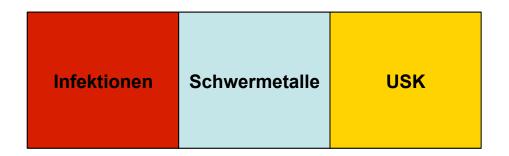
Die Gene und Proteom werden gesteuert durch 2 wesentliche Einfluesse:

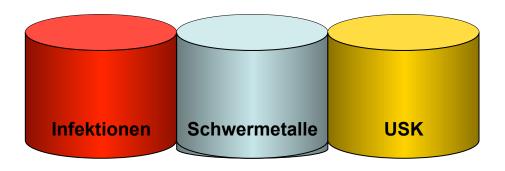
- a. die Umwelt (Nahrung, Vitamine, Giftstoffe, usw) und
- b. die Psyche: mit PK haben wir Einfluss auf unsere gesamte Biologie, bis tief hinein in die Genetik

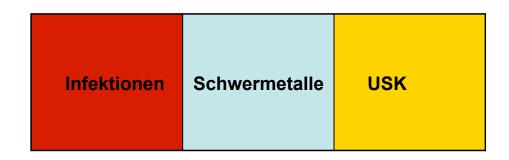


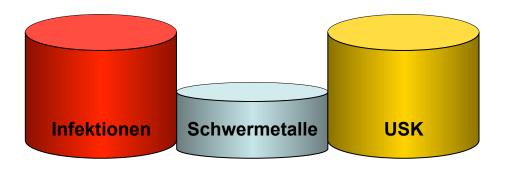
Klinghardt Axiom II

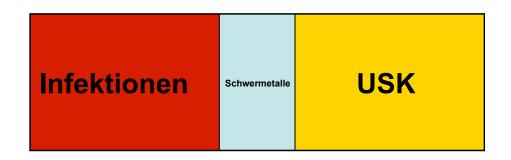


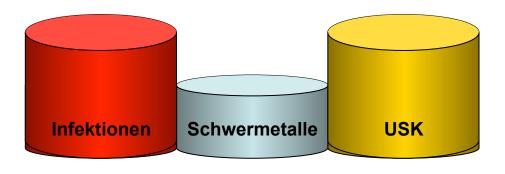


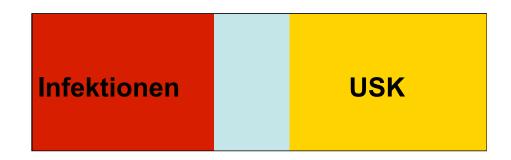


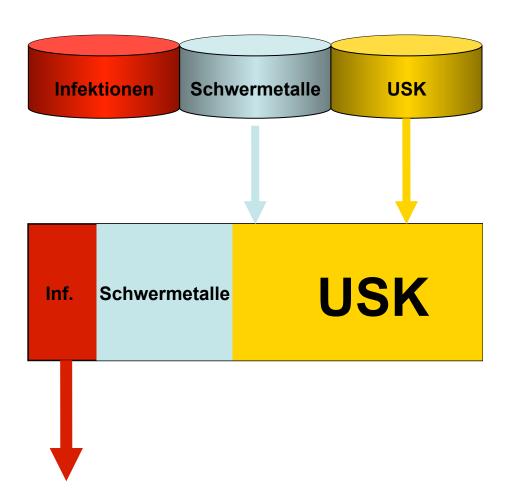












Pathways With Enzymes, Cofactors, Supplements & Blocking Metals/SAH 1 Urea Cycle 2 BH4 Cycle Dopamine Methionine 3 Folate Cycle **Nucleotides** IGF 4 Methylation Cycle Purines **5** Sulfation Pathway LEAD = B12 SAMe Methionine Mg ALUM MERCUR Mg THF SAMe 5.10 5 Formyl SAH MethyleneTHF THE ◆ Thymidine DNA, RNA synthesis methylation Protein, lipids B12 YZn BH4 Tryptophan Tyrosine dUMP ▶ DMG Guanido Ac MS MSR BHMT Arginine BH4 NADH **B2** TMG Creatine - Creatinine heme₁ MTHFR DHPR Ornithine ▶adenosine NOS SAHH choline Homocysteine TMG UREA' 5 Methyl heme ammonia THF CBS BH₂ LEAD cystathionine 874 5 Methyl Dopamine Serotonin THE MAO B MAO A Cysteine + bc KG NorEp BH4 Citrulline + NO HIAA MAO B COMT -SAH taurine glutathione Neuronal Peroxynitrile, COMT **Sulfite** HVA SUO VMA Super Oxide Microglial Sulfate Activation

Modified from Amy Yasko

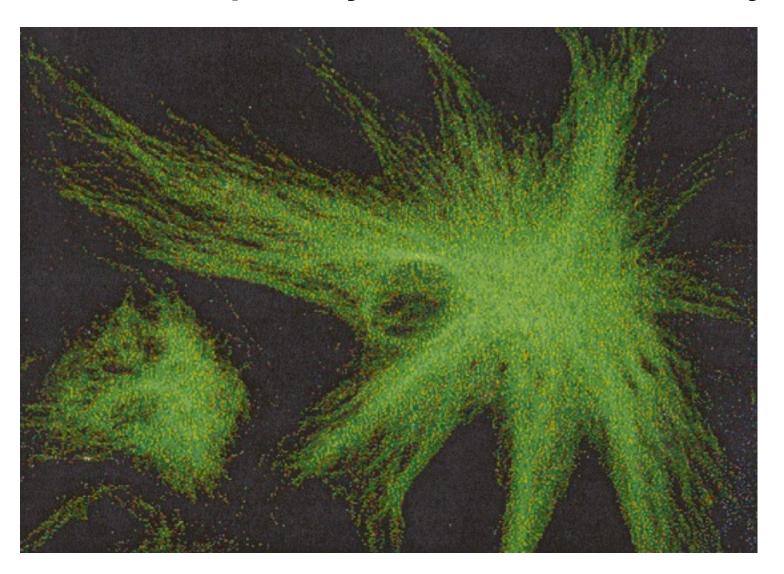
Beilspiel: Pk und das Chronische Muedigkeitssyndrom (CFIDS)

- Haeufigste Ursache: HHV-6(a) Human Herpes Virus Typ 6a (manchmal auch Borrelien, "Coagulase Negative Staph" oder EBV)
- Vorbedingung: das Enzym Methionin Synthase (MS) wurde durch Toxin Einfluesse umgeschaltet, um die Glutathion Versorgung zu verbessern. Die durch HHV-6 infizierten Gene werden de-methyliert und der Virus wird aktiv
- PK –Behandlung:
 - a) Ausleitungsmittel austesten und verordnen
 - b) RD Testung der mit dem Methylierungszuklus assoziierten Substanzen: Methyl B12, methylierte Folsaeure, SAM-e usw. und Erstellen der Liste von Substanzen die Stress verursachen und derer, die gebraucht werden
 - c) die mit den Stoffen verbundenen USKs loesen. Meist liegt die seelische Ursache bei einem ungeloesten Trauma in der Familiengeschichte der Mutter (Schaedigung der epigenetischen Organisation der Methylierung)

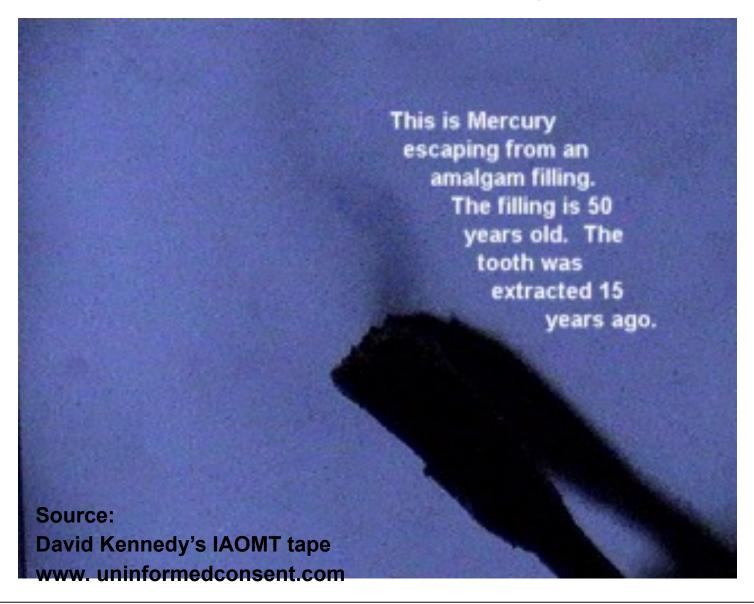
Klinghardt Axiom I

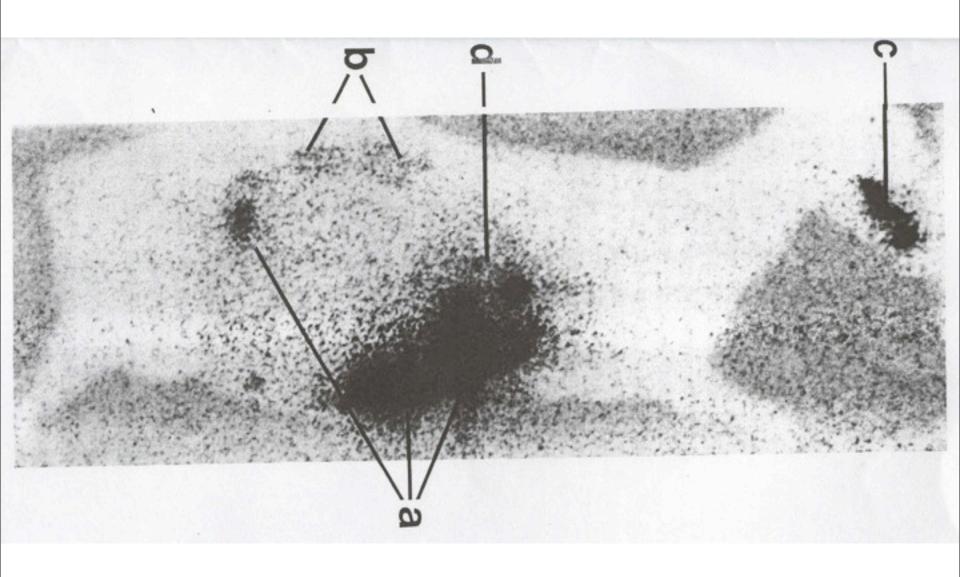
- Wenn eine Erkrankung aus der Sicht der Schulmedizin als "physisch bedingt" interpretiert wird, liegt die Ursache meist im seelischen Bereich und kann erfolgreich mit PK geloest werden
- Wird ein Erkrankung als "psychiatrisch" interpretiert, besteht meist eine Ursache im physischen Bereich (Infektion, Toxinbelastung) und die PK Behandlung hat nur eine sekundaere Bedeutung
- Psychologische Probleme liegen oft in der Mitte zwischen den beiden

Neuronal Tubulin, the Most Abundant Brain Protein, Is Especially Vulnerable to Mercury



Visualization Of Mercury Emitting From A Dental Amalgam







Saturday, 11 September 2010

TABLE 1. Concentration of amalgam Hg in monkey tissues 28 days on placement of dental amalgam tooth fillings

Tissue	ng Hg/g
Whole blood Urine	5.8 17.7
Synovial membrane (knee joint) Skeletal muscle (gluteus) Fat (mesentery)	31 6 1.9 0.0
Tooth alveola; bone Oral mucosa Gingivae Tongue Parotid gland	7756.1 86.6 4190.4 253.3
Stomach Small intestine Large intestine Colon Bile Feces	18.4 68.9 983.1 482.7 243.1 3490.2
Heart (ventricle) Lung Trachea	6 6 15.0 12.6
Kidney Liver Spleen	. 3053.5 133.1 15.6
Frontal cortex Occipital cortex Thalamus Sciatic nerve Spinal cord Cerebrospinal fluid	7.2 12.6 9.9 0.0 0.0
Pituitary Thyroid Adrenal Pancreas Testes	83.6 4. 31. 15.

GENOVATIONS

PHASE II Detoxification: Conjugation of Toxins and Elimination

In Phase II detoxification, large water-soluble molecules are added to toxins, usually at the reactive site formed by Phase I reactions. After Phase II modifications, the body is able to eliminate the transformed toxins in the urine or the feces (through the bile).

(CDMT SNP) higher risk for depression, bipolar disorder, ADHD and alcoholism.

			Methylation	
200	STEELS ST	SNP		
Result	Gene	Location	Internet Information	Affects
	COMT	V158M	www.genovations.com/gdv158m	Liver/Gut

Your Results: Catechol-Omethyl transferase is the enzyme primarily responsible for breaking down the neurotransmitters dopamine, epinephrine,

NAT SNP) both slow and rapid acetylators are at indressed risk for developing lung, colon, bladder, or head & neck cancer.

SLOW	METAB	OLIZER F	POLYMORPHISM	
Result	Gene	SNP	Internet Information	Affects
	NAT1	R64W	www.genovations.com/gdr64w	All Cells
	NATI	R187Q	www.genovations.com/gdr187q	Liver/Gut
	NAT2	1114T	www.genovations.com/gdi114t	Liver/Gut
+-	NAT2	R197Q	www.genovations.com/gdr197q	Liver/Gut
	NAT2	G286E	www.genovations.com/gdg286e	Liver/Gut
	NAT2	R64Q	www.genovations.com/gdr64q	Liver/Gut
FAST	METABO	DLIZER P	OLYMORPHISM	
	NAT2	K268R	www.genovations.com/gdk268r	Liver/Gut

Glutathione Conjugation (Glutathione s-transferase) the conjugation of Result Gene Location Internet Information NULL GSTM1 1p13.3 www.genovations.com/gdgstm1 Liver/Kidney +- GSTP1 1104V www.genovations.com/gdgstp1 Brain/Skin GSTPI A113V www.genovations.com/gda113v Brain/Skin

soforms (M1, P1, and T1) more or less prevalent in arious tissues; all catalyze electrophilic compounds rith glutathione. Defects in **GST** activity can contribute to fatigue syndromes, and to arious cancers throughout the body.

(GST SNP) The GST

(SOD SNP) SOD1 is present in the cytosol; SOD2 is esent in the mitochondria. Changes in the SOD enzyme are associated with changes in risk for neurodegenerative disorders like ALS.

Oxidative Protection				
Result	Gene	SNP Location	Internet Information	Affects
	SOD1	G93A	www.genovations.com/gdg93a	Cytosol
	SOD1	A4V	www.genovations.com/gda4v	Cytosol
+-	SOD2	A16V	www.genovations.com/gda16v	Mitochondria

and norepinephrine. Your Results: N-acetyl

Transferase detoxifies many environmental toxins, including tobacco smoke and exhaust fumes. Polymorphisms can result in slower than normal or faster than normal addition of an acetyl group to these toxins. Slow acetylators have a build up of toxins in the system and rapid acetylators add acetyl groups so rapidly that they make mistakes in the process. Both slow and rapid acetylators are at increased risk for toxic overload if they are exposed to environmental toxins. If the toxin exposure is reduced, the risk is reduced.

Your Results: Glutathione-S-transferase detoxifies many water-soluble environmental toxins, including many solvents, herbicides, fungicides, lipid peroxides, and heavy metals (e.g., mercury, cadmium, and lead). The various forms of GST work together to eliminate toxins. Decreased glutathione conjugation capacity may increase toxic burden and increase cocidative stress.

Your Results: Superoxide Dismutase is an enzyme that protects cells from increased oxidative stress and free radical damage to cell structures like membranes. mitochondria, DNA, and proteins.

Key

Neither chromosome carries the genetic variation.

One chromosome (of two) carries the genetic variation.

++ Both chromosomes carry the genetic variation.

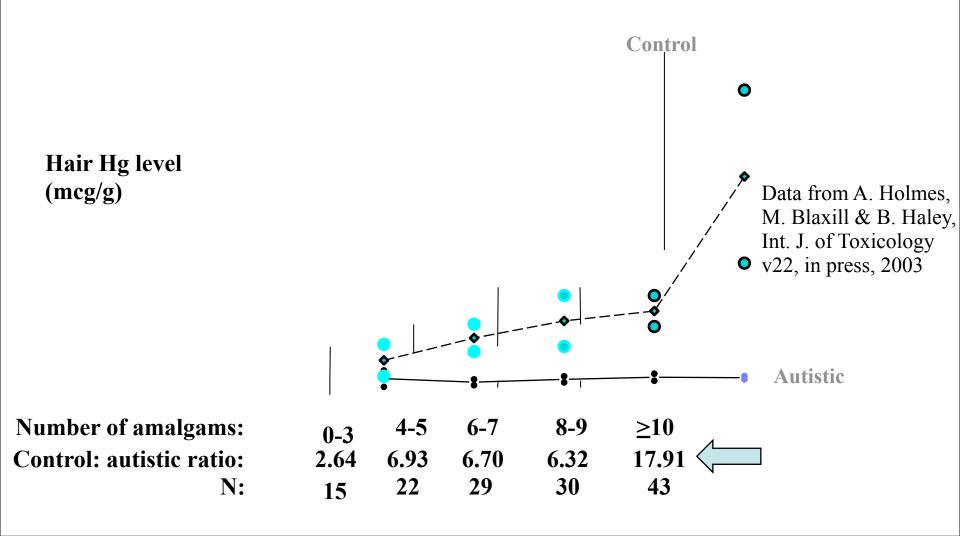
NR / NULL / IND See commentary

(You inherit one chromosome from each parent)

Homozygous negative or wild type Heterozygous positive Homozygous positive

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Mercury Birth Hair Levels Vs. Amalgam Fillings In Autistic And Control Groups



Mol Psychiatry 2004 Sep.;9(9): 833-45

Neurotoxic Effects of Postnatal thimerosal are mouse strain dependent,
Horning M, Chian D, Lipkin WI., Jerome L. and Dawn Greene Infectious
Disease Laboratory, Dep. Of Epidemiology, Mailman School of Public Health,
Columbia University, New York

- Autoimmune propensity influences outcomes in Mice following thimerosal challenges that mimic routine childhood immunizations
- Mice show growth delay
- Reduced locomotion
- Exaggerated response to novelty
- Densely packed hippocampal neurons with altered glutamate receptors and transporters

Other resent findings:

- After the Am. College of Pediatrics recommended a vaccine schedule in 1989 considered by many insane, a sharp raise in new autism cases resulted across the US, not in other western countries that did not follow the US lead. After the college recommended to reduce the amount of thimerosal in the vaccines in 1999, a sharp drop in new autism cases was observed
- There is no autism in the Amish population. There are no vaccinations in the Amish. The only rare cases of autism in the Amish were found in members of the few families that did vaccinate

Urine Toxic Elements Post DMPS Challenge

C.N.: 35 y	∕ear old male	Dx: CFIDS, FMS
<u>Date</u>	mcg Hg/24 hrs	ppb (post DMPS 3 mg/kg i.v push)
4/23/93	27.8	27.8
6/24/93	99.0	99.0
9/21/93	49.4	49.4
12/23/93	2.1	2.1
4/94-8/94	four treatments with	neuraltherapy
8/24/94	1514.4	1954.0

A.H.: 46 year old Dx: severe depression, multiple neurological symptoms (muscle weakness, numbness, whole body pain)

Date mcg Ho	<u> /24 hrs</u>	mcg Hg/g creatinine (post DMPS)
11/97-4/98	treatment with A	PN/MFT
1/24/1998	2100	2700
2/3/1998		2900
4/3/1998	1500	930
4/18/1998		370



REVIEW

Mercury Toxicity and Systemic Elimination Agents

JOSEPH MERCOLA DO1 AND DIETRICH KLINGHARDT MD PHD3

¹Optimal Wellness Center, 1443 W. Schaumburg, Schaumburg, IL 60194, USA; ²American Academy of Neural Therapy, 2802 E. Madison#147, Seattle, WA 98112, USA

Abstract

This paper reviews the published evidence supporting amalgam toxicity and clinical techniques that facilitate mercury elimination. A literature review is provided which documents effective mercury elimination strategies to improve mercury toxicity syndromes. Considering the weight of evidence supporting mercury toxicity, it would seem prudent to select alternative dental restoration materials and consider effective mercury elimination strategies if mercury toxicity is present.

Keywords: amalgam and mercury toxicity, DMPS, DMSA, chlorella, cilantro.

MERCURY EXPOSURE AND TOXICITY IS A PREVALENT AND SIGNIFICANT PUBLIC HEALTH THREAT

Chronic mercury exposure from occupational, environmental, dental amalgam and contaminated food exposure is a significant threat to public health [1]. Those with amalgam fillings exceed all occupational exposure allowances of mercury exposure of all European and North American countries. Adults with four or more amalgams run a significant risk from them, while in children as few as two amalgams will contribute to health problems [2]. In most children, the largest source of mercury is that received from immunizations [3–6] or that transferred to them in utero from their mothers [7, 8].

DENTAL AMALGAMS ARE A MAJOR SOURCE OF MERCURY TOXICITY

A single dental amalgam filling with a surface area of only $0.4~\rm cm^{-2}$ is estimated to release as much as $15~\mu g$ Hg day $^{-1}$ primarily through mechanical wear and evaporation [1, 9–11]. The average individual has eight amalgam fillings and could absorb up to $120~\mu g$ Hg day $^{-1}$ from their amalgams. These levels are consistent with reports of $60~\mu g$ Hg day $^{-1}$ collected in human feces [12]. By way of contrast, estimates of the daily absorption of all forms of mercury from fish and seafood is $2.3~\mu g$ and from all other foods, air and water is $0.3~\mu g$ per day [13]. Currently, Germany, Sweden and Denmark severely restrict the use of amalgams [1].

A "silver" filling, or dental amalgam, is not a true alloy. Amalgams are made up of 50% mercury. The amalgam also consists of 35% silver, 9% tin, 6% copper and a trace of zinc [6]. More than 100 million mercury fillings are placed each year in the US as over 90% of dentists use them for restoring posterior teeth [14]. The mercury vapor from the amalgams is lipid soluble and passes readily through cell membranes and across the blood-brain

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Symptoms of Chronic Mercury Toxicity Immune System

Amalgam/Mercury Detox as a Treatment for Chronic Viral, Bacterial, and Fungal Illnesses

OCopyright 1997 by District Klinghault, MD, Fh.D., Statels, Westington, USA

Editorial Note: The following article is a transcription of a lecture presented by the auther at the Annual Maring of the Issuma-tional and American Academy of Clinical Nurvision, See Diego, CA, September 2994.

On the Amalgam "Controversy"

From a scientific point of view there is no more "controversy" about the ill health effects of the menuls contained in and released by the typical dental smalgam fillings. The sheep and monkey studies conducted at the University of Calegry, Canada-under the guidance of Er. Murray Vine, DDS-showed that radioustively labeled measury relessed from freshly and connectly placed amalgam fillings (in a monkey study)" appeared quickly in the kidneys, beain and wall of the intentions. Through its affinity for tull-splryl-groups, mercury bonds very firmly to structures in the nervous system. Other studies showed that mercury is taken up in the periplymy by all nerve endings (i.e., the hypo,glossal nerve of the tongue," the surpnomic nerves of the lung or innostiral wall and connective tissue) and raje idly transported inside the gaon of the serves (axonal transport) to the spinal chord and brainstein." On its way from the periphery to the brain, mercury immobilises the enzyme that is essertial for 'making' tubulin." Tubilin forms tubular structures within each nerve, along which the nerve-cell transports merabalic waste from the nerve cell into the periphery and along which the nutrients required by the nerve cell are transported from the periphery to the cell. Once mercury has traveled up the suon, the serve cell is impaired in its ability to detoxify itself and in its ability to nurture inelf. The cell becomes toxic and diesor lives in a stone of chapmic multipartition. The morcury that has entered the nerve cell can no longer be excussed in the normal anomal transport routes (some canoir through the Ca" and Na" channels) and begins to exact its more well-known ill-effects on the misochondria, nucleus

Extend Foxuse & Nisseer p. 1997

and other organelles of the cell. A mulrieuds of illustress, usually associated with neurological symptoms, result.

Mercury and Chronic Infections

Practitioners have long observed that patients diagnosed with cheonic viral illnesses (EBV, CMV, HIV, herpes source and genital hospes, CFIDS, etc.) chronic fungal illnesses (Candidissis and othen) and recurrent episodes of bacterial infections (chronic simusitis, sonsillisis, brunchiris, bladder/prostate infections, HIV related infections) often have dramatic recoveries following an aggressive mercury/arealgam detoxification program.

The fact that the presence of mercury in the tissues represses the insmune system has long been known and is supported by the Sterature, AANSE This would explain a general immune en-bancing effect of any solid mercury Ceroxification program. It has also been shown that the presence of amalgaes fillings conveys immunity to antibiotics to verious bacteria and also impairs the body's own defense system.' Moscory is therefore the on a substance ever shown. that induces antibiotic resistance in bucteria, other than an untibioxic itself. It is knows that periodontal disease is caused by bucteria and that the removal of amalgam fillings can often be curative." No studies have tested the mercury bypothesis in other infections, even though the clinical evidence is overwhelming.

In chronic fungal syndromes, the scientific literature gives only circumstantial evidence that mercury foesters those infections. The most valuable clinical pearls I found in a book written for the enining industry: "Historption of Heavy Metals." To increase the yield of precicus mends in old mines, so-called "biomesses" are sprayed into the mine shaft, washed our with water, and colfected on ion exchange membranes. A. biomeans is a shudge of membranes from usually reono-cellular organisms that have a tendency to accumulate metals in their outer cell wall that they are exposed to.

highest offinity for tonic metals stude like a "who's who' of our typical infortious diseases: fungi of the candida species, strepenonori, staphylococci, amnehas, etc., etc. The list is sopped by two algae: Chloralla pyrennidear and Chloralla sulpris (not spirulina or super blue green algori). The list prompted one to state what in Germany is now referred to as the "Klinghardt Axiom": Most-if not of -chronic infectious diseases are not crosed by a failure of the immune system, but are a conscious adaptation of the iccanne system to an otherwise lethal horry exetat environment. Mesoury soffocates the intracellular respiratory mechanism and can cause cell death. So, the invision system makes a deal; it cultivates fungi and bucteria that can bind large assessment of toxic metals. The gain: the cells can beeathe. The cost: the matern has to provide nutrition for the microngunisms and has to deal with their metabolic products ("toxins"). That does not in ply that the tolerand guest cannot grow out of control, as it societimes clearly does. Therefore, there is still a limited place for antifungal/antibuterial treatment-but only for the scane phase of the disease. A so-called "dis-off offect" (the sometimes severe crisis or even lethal reaction a potient can have in the initial stages of aggressive phaemacreates; antifungal or antibuctorial treatment) in often nothing else but acute beary metal toxicity-moule selessed from the cell walls of dying microorgansees as aggrested by my own correlation of clinical randromes and urinalysis for metals. Colleagues in Cermany are working, on a study at this time. Peclosinary results show a dramatic improsement in clinical and scientific parame ters in chronic Candidians using the Klinghardt protocol for heavy metal deposition into

The list of organisms that have the

When it comes to chronic vital conditions, or r evidence is even more circumstave'a'. There are assent articles in the ch'rell: literature showing remarkable

Repeated infections

- Viral and fungal
- Mycobacterial
- Candida and other yeast infections
- Cancer
- Autoimmune disorders
 - Arthritis
 - Lupus erythematosus (SLE)
 - Multiple sclerosis (MS)
 - Scleroderma
 - Amyolateral sclerosis (ALS)
 - Hypothyroidism

Protective effects of Chlorella vulgaris extract (CVE®) in lead-exposed mice infected with Listeria monocytogenes

Queiroz ML, Rodrigues AP, Bincoletto C, Figueiredo CA, Malacrida S.
Departamento de Farmacologia/Hemocentro, Faculdade de Ciencias Medicas,
Universidade Estadual de Campinas (UNICAMP), C.P. 6111, CEP 13083-970, SP,
Campinas, Brazil. mlsq@fcm.unicamp.br Int Immunopharmacol. 2003 Jun; 3(6):889-900

Chlorella vulgaris extract (CVE) was examined for its chelating effects on the myelosuppression induced by lead in Listeria monocytogenes-infected mice. The reduction in the number of bone marrow granulocyte-macrophage progenitors (CFU-GM) observed after the infection was more severe in the groups previously exposed to lead. Extramedullar hematopoiesis, which was drastically increased after the infection, was not altered by the presence of lead. Treatment with CVE, given simultaneously or following lead exposure, restored to control values the myelosuppression observed in infected/lead-exposed mice and produced a significant increase in serum colony-stimulating activity. The benefits of the CVE treatment were also evident in the recovery of thymus weight, since the reduction produced by the infection was further potentiated by lead exposure. The efficacy of CVE was evident when infected and infected/lead-exposed mice were challenged with a lethal dose of L. monocytogenes after a 10-day treatment with 50 mg/kg CVE/day, given simultaneously to the exposure to 1300 ppm lead acetate in drinking water. Survival rates of 30% for the infected group and of 20% for the infected/lead-exposed groups were observed. Evidence that these protective effects of CVE are partly due to its chelating effect was given by the changes observed in blood lead levels. We have observed in the group receiving the CVE/lead simultaneous exposure a dramatic reduction of 66.03% in blood lead levels, when compared to lead-exposed nontreated control. On the other hand, CVE treatment following lead exposure produced a much less effective chelating effect. CVE treatments for 3 or 10 days, starting 24 h following lead exposure, produced a reduction in blood lead levels of 13.5% and 17%, respectively, compared to lead-exposed nontreated controls. The significantly better response observed with the simultaneous CVE/lead administration indicates that the immunomodulation effect of CVE plays an important role in the ability of this algae to reduce blood lead levels. In this regard, additional experiments with gene knockout C57BL/6 mice lacking a functional IFN-gamma gene demonstrated that this cytokine is of paramount importance in the protection afforded by CVE. The antibacterial evaluation measured by the rate of survival demonstrated that, in face of a 100% survival in the control group composed of normal C57BL/6 mice, which are resistant to L. monocytogenes, we observed no protection whatsoever in the IFN-gamma knockout C57BL/6 mice treated with CVE and inoculated with L. monocytogenes.

PMID: 12781705 [PubMed - in process]

'Chlorella Accelerates Dioxin Excretion in Rats'

Morita, K; Matsueda T; Iida, T; Hasegawa, T:

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Abstract:

We investigated the effects of Chlorella on the fecal excretion of polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxin (PCDD) congeners and polychlorinated dibenzofuran (PCDF) congeners in Wistar rats administered the rice oil that caused Yusho disease, as a substitute for purified dioxin. The rats were fed 4g of a control diet or a 10%Chlorella diet containing 0.2 mL of the rice oil once during the 5-d experimental period. The amounts of PCDD and PCDF congeners excreted in feces from d 1 to 5 in the group fed 10% Chlorella were 0,2-11.3 and 0.3-12.8 times greater (P < 0.05), respectively, than those of the control group. We then investigated the fecal excretion of PCDD and PCDF congeners from d 8 to 35 in rats administered 0.5 ml of the rice oil. Rats consumed the basal diet for 1 wk. After 1 wk, they consumed either the basal diet or the 10% Chlorella diet. The fecal excretions of PCDD and PCDF congeners in the group fed 10% Chlorella were 0.3-3.4 and 0,5-2.5 times greater (most, P < 0.05), respectively, than those of the control group. Thus the fecal excretions of PCDD and PCDF congeners were greater in rats fed Chlorella. These findings suggest that the administration of Chlorella may be useful in preventing gastrointestinal absorption and for promoting the excretion of dioxin already absorbed into tissues. Moreover, these findings suggest that Chlorella might be useful in the treatment of humans exposed to dioxin.

This report unfortunately does not reveal which strain of chlorella was used in the study (vulgaris and pyrenoidosa are the two most frequently used for medical research purposes). It is safe to assume, however, that if the <u>vulgaris</u> strain was used, then the researchers might well have obtained higher dioxin excretion rates by testing with the pyrenoidosa strain.

Some of the early research into chlorella's ability to remove chemical toxins was conducted here in the US at The University of West Virginia School of Medicine.

That study showed that rats fed a diet containing chlordecone (a chlorinated hydrocarbon insecticide), that were subsequently given chlorella pyrenoidosa, effectively decreased the half-life of the circulating toxin from 40 days to 19 days. When the experiment was repeated with chlorella vulgaris, the reduction in half-life was not nearly so pronounced (40 days to almost 33 days.)

This difference between chlorellas has been attributed to the presence of a carotene-like susbstance known as 'sporopollenin' that is unique to the pyrenoidosa strain. (1)

If you and your family fall into any of the 'high-risk for dioxin exposure' groups, - including consuming a diet containing foods that potentially harbor high levels of dioxin, two of the smartest things you can do are obviously to reduce your intake of the foods that are on the high-risk list, and ensure that Nature's Balance Pure Premium Grade Chlorella pyrenoidosa features in your daily supplement regimen!

 Pore, R.S.: Detoxification of chlordecone poisoned rats with chlorella and chlorella-derived sporopollenin. Drug-Chem-Toxicol. 1984, 7(1), 57-71